



His Highness Maharajadhiraj Maharawalji,  
Shri Jawahir Singhji Bahadur of  
Jaisalmer.

*Dated Jaisalmer, the 6th June 1917.*

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS.

I beg most respectfully to submit the Annual Administration Report of Your Highness' State, for the year ending the 31st November 1916.

I beg to remain,

Your Highness' most Humble and Obedient Servant,

M. R. SAPAT,  
DEWAN, JAISALMER STATE.



The State of Jaisalmer covers an area of 16,062 square miles. Its population, according to the Census of 1911, is 88,311, and its gross revenue, based on the average of last five years, is Rs. 15,357 Akheshahi and Rs. 190,317 Kildar. It has not to pay any tribute either to the Imperial Government or to any Native State.

2. The Rulers of Jaisalmer are descended from the ancient Yadu Kings of the Lunar race. The most illustrious ruler of the line was the defied hero, Shri Krishna, who ruled at Dwarka and who was one of the greatest rulers, statesmen, generals, scholars, thinkers and philosophers that India has ever seen. One of the most venerable and prized heir-looms of the House of Jaisalmer is the "Meghadamber" (an umbrella which, according to tradition, Shri Krishna used on occasions of State), and the Chief of Jaisalmer is hence styled "Chhatrali Yadava Pati" the canopied Lord of the Yadavas. The eight metal Umbrella which surmounts the Jaisalmer palace towering high above the venerable walls of the historic hill-fort — is emblematic of the "Meghadambar" and is indicative of the proud position which the House of Jaisalmer occupies as the Head of the Lunar race and its off-shoots.

3. The valour which the Bhati Princes of old displayed in repelling the successive waves of Mahomedan invasions, earned for them and their descendants, the proud title of "Uttar Bhar Kinwar Bhati" *i-e*, Bhaties the mighty portals of the North (of India).

4. Jaisalmer is connected by marriage with Udaipur, Jodhpur, Bikaner, Kotah, Kishengarh, Dungarpur, Sirohi, and Dhrangadhra.

5. His Highness Maharaja Dhiraj Maharawalji Shri Jawahir Singhji Bahadur, the present ruler of the State, succeeded to the Gadi in 1914. His Highness heir-apparent, Maharaj Kumar Shri Girdhar Singhji Saheb, by the Senior Maharaniji Shri Sodhiji Saheba, has completed his 9th year and he joined the Mayo College Ajmer in July 1916. The Junior Maharaniji is Amarkotiji Shri Sujan Kunwarji Saheba.

6. His Highness and both the Maharanis are Members of the St. John Ambulance Association and they and their people have subscribed liberally towards various funds raised in connection with the War.

Appeals in  
Criminal  
Cases.

7. The nearest relatives of the ruling family are called Rajwis. Their names are given below in accordance with the order of their precedence:—

- (1) Thakuran Raj Shri Mansinghji Saheb of Etah, born in 1841 has one village and a Kharin (or tank) called Lanela. and
- (2) Thakuran Raj Shri Gopal Singhji Saheb, son of Jasv Singhji of Dudhoo, born on the 19th November 190
- (3) Thakuran Raj Shri Salam Singhji Saheb, son of was 8 Singhji of Dudhoo, born in 1859. His son Khe for Narayan Singhji was born on the 3rd June, 189 preceding
- (4) Thakuran Raj Shri Sheodan Singhji Saheb, son of Singhji of Lakhmana, who was born in 1857, retired of the State Service in 1909. e proceed.
- (5) Thakuran Raj Shri Sultan Singhji Saheb, adopt Keshri Singhji of Nachna, born on the 24th He has a son Kauwar Gordhan Singhji (the decisions September 1909). edings were

8. Those relatives that owing to their lineage or owing to their adoption are comparatively remoter in relationship are called Raolots. These Thikanas, according to the order of their precedence are as under:—

Tota, Sato, Bhadria, Lathi, Loharki, Kharia, Uwai, Ola, Kanod, and Pithal (for details of paras 7 & 8, vide appendix A.)

Visit to  
Ajmer and  
Abu

9. His Highness, accompanied by his Dewan, and some of the Sardars, paid a visit to Ajmer in November 1915 and attended the General Council and the Prize Distribution of the Mayo College held on 23rd and 24th of November and he paid a short visit to Abu in the Summer.

Tour.

10. His Highness, accompanied by his Dewan, toured through the Nagarkantha, Devikot and Binjorai Hakumats during the year under review.

Changes in  
the adminis-  
trative Ma-  
chinery and  
personnel

11. There was no important change in the personnel or administrative Machinery of the State.

## CHAPTER II.

Administra-  
tion of land

12. Land revenue is, as a rule, taken in kind. The system of payment in kind, instead of in cash, is better suited to local requirements and it affords automatic relief to cultivators in years of deficient rainfall.

13. The rates of assessment  $1/6$  of the outturn of the Khariff and  $1/5$  of that of the Rabi crops are low and the ryots find no difficulty in paying the State dues.

14. The yield was estimated last year at 1 pie and 9 pies in the rupee for the Rabi and Khariff crops respectively. The actual outturn of both the crops was up to the estimate.

15. The estimates for the next financial year are 8 and 9 annas in the rupee for the Rabi and Kharif crops respectively.

16. No coercive measures were exercised for the collection of State dues.

## CHAPTER III.

1011 &  
1011

17. The Laws in Jaisalmer are not codified. The local usages and customary laws are generally followed and in cases wherein they do not differ from the laws in force in British India due regard is paid to the principles of the latter.

18. As the Military are often required to do the duties of the Police and the Police of the Military, and as they have also to perform their civil duties when necessary, it is hardly practicable to draw a distinct line of demarkation between the two, and no attempt has, therefore, been made to fill in the Appendices III and IV.

19. The infantry in the town guard the records, the treasury, the arms Bhandars, the citadel, gates etc. etc.,. The Cavalry do Police and work when required. In the Hakumats also they do combined duties. The Military and the Police are armed with smooth bore guns and swords.

20. The total strength of the State troops (Military and Police) against 354 in the preceding year.

Thakuran Raj Shri Man Singhji Saheb was at the head of the town. Such of the men as were utilized for dacoity formed a separate Mehkma called Girai. The rest worked different Hakumats; the cost, therefore, has been distributed Military and Hakumats.

22. A reference to appendix VII will go to show that comparatively such petty crimes as hurt, mischief, trespass, accounted for no less than 212 out of a total of 363 offences reported to have been committed during the year. There was as compared with the year 1914-15 a fall of 42 in the total number of offences committed and the value of the property reported to have been stolen (such reports are often exaggerated) was smaller by 2449. There were two cases of robbery but there was not a single case of dacoity or extortion and those of thefts, mostly cattle lifting, showed a decrease of 16.

23. The following table gives the number and names of the criminal courts in the Jaisalmer State:—

Criminal  
Justice

NAMES.						No.
Hakumat Courts	...	...	...	...	...	16
Sadar Adalat	...	...	...	...	...	1
Mehkma Khas	...	...	...	...	...	1
Total						18

24. The Hakims in the District or Hakumat courts commit cases beyond their power to the Sadar Adalat and the latter to the Mehkma Khas.

25. The number of criminal cases filed during the year was 363 which, with a balance of 270, pending from 1914-15, gave the total of 633 (against 604 in the previous year). There was thus, as compared with the year 1914-15, an increase of 29 in the total number of cases that came up for disposal by the various Courts of the State. The number of cases disposed of was 311 against 331 in the preceding year and the closing balance was 322.

Criminal  
cases.

26. The number of persons involved in these cases was 830 against 786 in the previous year and the number remaining to be tried at the close of the year was, as compared with 1914-15, greater by 41.

27. Appeals from the Hakumat Courts lie to the Sadar Adalat and those from the latter tribunal to the Mehkma Khas.

Appeals in  
Criminal  
Cases

28. The total number of appeals in Criminal cases that came up to the Appellate Courts of the State was 56 of which 45 were preferred in the Mehkma Khas and 11 in the Adalat.

29. The number disposed of by the Mehkma Khas was 37 and that of the cases disposed of by the Adalat was 5.

30. The number of cases remaining at the end of the year was 8 in the Mehkma Khas and 6 in the Adalat. The balance of cases in the former and the latter was 3 and 2 respectively at the close of the preceding year.

31. Out of 37 cases decided by the Mehkma Khas the orders of the Lower Courts were upheld in 22 and modified in 13. In 1 case the proceedings were quashed and 1 was sent back for further enquiries.

32. In the 5 cases disposed of by the Sadar Adalat the decisions of the Lower Courts were confirmed in 3, in 1 case the proceedings were quashed and 1 was referred to the Higher Court.

Civil justice.

33. There are in all 18 civil courts in the State:—

16 District or Hakumat Courts.

1 Sadar Adalat.

1 Mehkma Khas.

---

18 Total.

34. Appeals from the Hakumat Courts lie to the Sadar Adalat (which also hears original cases up to any value) and those from the latter Court to the Mehkma Khas, which is thus the highest Judicial tribunal in the State and exercises full powers of revision and control over all the Subordinate Courts.

Original  
civil suits.

35. The total number of Civil suits that came up for disposal by the various tribunals of the State was 446 (206 instituted during the year and 240 balance from 1914-15) against 525 and the number disposed of was 198 against 285 in the previous year.

36. Out of the total of 206 Civil suits instituted during the year there were no less than 185 suits for money transactions and of the remaining 21 there were 9 for landed property and 12 for other rights.

37. The average duration of each contested suit in the Adalat and Hakumat Courts was, as compared with the previous year, longer by about a month and a half.

The rise in the average was due to the disposal of old suits.

Applications  
for execution  
of decrees.

38. The number of fresh applications for execution of decrees, which were brought to the Register during the course of the year under review, was 130 which, with the balance of 314, gave a total of 444 (against 459 in 1914-15) for disposal out of which 89 were executed against 181 in the preceding year.

Appeals in  
Civil suits

39. The total number of appeals in the Mehkma Khas, including those pending from the previous year, was 64 against 58 in 1914-15. The number disposed of was 41 and the balance of cases which remained pending was 23 against 14 in 1914-15. Out of the 41 appeals disposed of by the Mehkma Khas the orders of the Lower Courts were confirmed in 18, amended in 9 and reversed in 9, four cases were remanded for retrial and 1 was compromised.

40. The total number of appeals in the Sadar Adalat was 26. The number disposed of was 11 and the closing balance was 15 against 10 in 1914-15. The orders of the Lower Courts were upheld in 6, modified in 4 and reversed in 1.

41. The average duration of each case in appeal in the Mehkma Khas and in the Adalat was longer and shorter respectively by nearly a month.

Extraditions.

42. The State has an extradition treaty with the British Government and an understanding on the subject with Marwar and Bikaner.

43. During the year under review no person was extradited by or to the British Government or Bikaner. The number of persons extradited by Jaisalmer to Marwar was 5 while that of the persons extradited by the latter to the former State was 4.

Jail.

44. There is one Jail at the Capital and there are 15 Lock-ups at the head quarters of Hakumats.

45. There are separate quarters for male and female prisoners in the Central Jail. It was under the supervision of the Superintendent, Sadar Adalat, and the sanitary arrangements were looked after by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Darbar Dispensary. The conduct of the prisoners was generally good and the sanitary arrangements were satisfactory.

46. On the date of the commencement of the Administrative year the number of prisoners in the Jail was 20, which, with 17 fresh admissions during the year, made a total of 37 inmates. The average daily strength was 17.66 against 14.91 in the previous year.

47. 15 prisoners were discharged on the expiry of their sentences and 2 were released on the occasion of the anniversary of the birthday of His Highness. The number remaining at the end of the year was 18.

48. The total expenditure incurred under this head was Rs. 1,728 against Rs. 1,794 in the preceding year.

49. The average period of accused under trial was 18.67 days. Registration.

50. Registration is not compulsory in Jaisalmer except on sales of immovable property. During the year under report 4 documents were registered against 3 in 1914-15.

51. There are no Municipal Committees or Corporations in the State. The Sanitary arrangements are looked after by the Local Officials. Municipal  
admini-stra-  
tion.

52. There was sufficient supply of water in the tanks and in wells in the villas adjoining Gurhisar or Gadsisar and suitable arrangements were made to see that the drinking water was not contaminated.

#### CHAPTER IV.

53. No perennial streams run in Jaisalmer and wells as a rule, are too deep to be utilized economically for irrigational purposes. The yield, therefore, depends entirely on the seasonal rains, i.e. on a factor which is beyond administrative control; which is freakish in its character and erratic in its course, which remains an uncertain, an unknown and an unknowable quantity almost up to the end of the financial year, and which not infrequently, rudely upsets such calculations as might have been based on an assumption of its reliability. deficiency of rain is almost a normal condition and its failure implies simply a difference in degree. The habits the pursuits, the avocations, the customs, the traditions, and the breeding of the bulk of the people are such as may be calculated to obviate the possibility of deficiency or failure of rains resulting in any general or widespread distress. Precarious  
character  
of seasonal  
rains on  
which dep-  
ends Local  
yield.

54. The recuperative power of the State and its people, that have lived for centuries past and from the very dawn of authentic history under such abnormal conditions, is enormous. One is seldom likely to find such an economic, physical, moral, and mental adjustment to the surroundings as is to be seen in Jaisalmer. This adjustment is a result of a long standing struggle against nature in which man has come out top. It testifies to the success with which he could adapt himself to his surroundings. It acts as a palliative and modifies almost nullifies the effects of deficiency or failure of rains which, in other parts, where the popular life is not so well adjusted and the popular mind not so well attuned, would result in serious and widespread distress. Recuperative  
power and  
adjustment  
to surround-  
ings.



Economic  
adjustment

55. Local production is, because of the precarious character of the monsoon and absence of other irrigational means, never a dependable quantity and even in the best of years it meets, only a fraction of the local demand.

Local de-  
mand and  
how it is  
met

56. The average annual consumption of cereals is estimated at nearly 4,25,000 maunds. Local production in a fairly good year seldom exceeds 1,00,000 maunds. The average for the past ten years works out at 1,05,381—0—1. The deficiency is made good by the stock in hand and by import, which, as a rule, varies between 1,75,000 and 2,25,000 maunds. The markets which supply more than 3/4 of the local demand are those of Sind and the Punjab.

Factors  
which go to  
determine  
the prices of  
food-grains.

57. The price of food grains vary, as a rule, with those obtaining in the above said markets. The other factors which affect the prices are sufficiency or otherwise of local rains, the consequent increase or decrease in local production, and the enhancement, in good years owing to larger influx, or reduction, in bad years through greater exodus, in the local demand.

Mode of life,  
habits, pur-  
suits; physi-  
cal and  
mental  
adjustment.

58. The bulk of the people depends for its subsistence on the rearing of cattle. There are tribes who live all throughout the year in the open and who could go even without water for days together. Their life is simple. Their wants are few. Their luxuries are confined to a quid of tobacco, occasional pulls from the ubiquitous hukka, and sometimes a friendly and a fraternizing exchange of opium. A song or a dance to the accompaniment of a drum or flute constitutes the height of enjoyment. They are rude, they are rough and ready, but they are hospitable. They are kind at heart and one, who has had an occasion to live with them, feels that their mode of life is not altogether without its amenities.

Migration.

59. The wealth of the people in general, who live a semi-nomadic life and move about with their cattle from place to place, consists of sheep, goats, camels and milch cattle. Besides, therefore, the natural forces of birth and death, migration is the principal factor which, more than any thing else, contributes to the growth or to the diminution of population and the gain by influx or the loss by exodus varies with the sufficiency or otherwise of seasonal rains. Scarcity or famine (terms which could not have the same significance here as is attached to them in more favoured parts) is hardly a factor which might be calculated to accelerate death and thereby cause a permanent reduction in the population of the State. A large proportion of the people at the first signs of failure of rains emigrate, with their live stock and herds of cattle, to the adjoining province of Sind and to Bahawalpur where they can find pasturage for their animals and where a great demand for labour exists. This migration on a smaller or a larger scale, according as the rains have been good or bad, is, in fact, almost an annual event. Even in comparatively good years as soon as the rains are over and harvests gathered in, a proportion of the people emigrate, mostly to Sind and Bahawalpur, to supplement their earnings. They, however, return to their homes in Jaisalmer, with money in their pockets and with, in several instances, increase in the number of the members of their family due to births, when the next rainy season asserts itself. It is a reciprocal arrangement with the adjoining portions of Sind and Bahawalpur, for the pastoral tribes of those places live partly there and pass a portion, of the year in Jaisalmer. Migration, therefore, is a necessary condition of

life. It serves an economic purpose. In years of deficient rainfall it reduces the local demand and thereby eases down the prices, in years of failure of rains, it reduces the possibility of starvation to minimum. It gives greater staying power. It supplements local earnings. It saves cattle which, as said above, constitute the wealth of the people in general. It is one of the most important factors which act as palliatives and which go to adjust local life to local conditions.

60. The administrative and financial year of the State commences on the 1st November and ends on the 31st October, and, as the Kharif harvest is usually gathered in by the end of November and the Rabi sowing commences as a rule in that month, the outturn of any given year depends on the rainfall of the preceding year.

Rain-fall  
and yield

61. The rains in 1914-15 on which depended the outturn of the year under review were disappointing. The heaviest falls were much below 3 inches. The average for the State was only 2.51 inches. The Rabi and Kharif harvests were estimated at 1 and 9 pies in the rupee respectively. The actual yield of both the crops was upto the estimate.

Rains during  
1914-15  
on which  
depended the  
yield of the  
year under  
review.

62. Both as regards the fall and distribution of seasonal rains, the year 1915-16 compared very favourably with its predecessor. With the exception of Shahgarh, Kishangarh and Buili Peragnas in which there is very little of cultivation, the seasonal rains were copious throughout the State. The total fall was above 20 inches in Devikot and above 10 in Jaisalmer, Khabha, Fatahgarh, Lakha, Mohangarh, and Nokh, and it was above 6 in Dewa, Khuiala, Bap, Mayajlar and Tanot, and in Ramgarh it was above 4 inches. The heaviest falls were registered during the months of August and September. The average for the State was 9.25 inches against 2.56 in the preceding year. The outturn of the Rabi and Kharif crops for the next financial year is estimated at 8 and 9 annas in the rupee respectively.

Rains during  
the year under  
review & estimates of  
the next  
year's yield

63. The total approximate yield of cereals during the year under review was only 4,199 maunds against 1,73,053 maunds in 1914-15. It was in other words smaller than the outturn of the preceding year and the average for the past 10 years by 1,68,854 and 1,01,182 Mds. respectively. Yield in the Jaisalmer is, as has been said above, almost entirely dependent on seasonal rains i. e. on a factor which is absolutely indeterminate and independable.

Approximate  
yield in mds.

64. A mention has been made in para 57 of principal factors which go to determine the prices of food grains. In spite of the War and in spite of the meagre yield, the prices of the staple articles of food, wheat, Bajra and Jowar, during the year under review, compared favourably with those obtaining in 1914-15. This was due partly to the copious rains and bumper harvests of the year preceding which left a larger stock in hand, partly to greater import but mainly to the arrangements made by the Darbar which kept under check any tendency towards artificial inflation of prices by occasional sales of food-grains from the State granary wherein large quantities had been stored.

Prices of food  
grains during  
the year under  
review

65. The total of import showed an increase of 44,214 and 21,789 maunds as compared with the figures for 1914-15 and the average for the past 20 years respectively. This rise was mainly attributable to larger import of cereals.

Traffic  
Import

66. The import of animals was greater by 4,907 head as compared with the preceding year. This was mainly due to larger import of cows, sheep and goats, for the conditions as regards fodder and water compared favourably with those obtaining in adjoining parts.

67. A reference to Appendix XXVII will go to show that, as compared with the preceding year, there was a rise of 47,368 maunds in the import of corn, of 10 in that of Ghee, of 4 in that of opium, of 85 in that of oil, of 251 in that of spices and of 23 in that of dyes while, on the other hand, the import of sugar showed a fall of 65 maunds, that of dried fruits of 573, that of silver of 9, that of cotton of 658, that of metal and glass and copper pots of 137, that of tobacco of 412, that of cloth of 1,149, that of ivory of 7, that of bamboo-baskets, carpets etc. of 99, that of saddles, wood and glass wares of 48, that of hide of 63, that of stone, clay and grinding mills of 207, and that of miscellaneous articles of 100 maunds. The decrease in the import of articles which are not regarded here as primary necessities of life was due to deficient rains and meagre yields.

Export.

68. The principal items of export are ghee, wool, hides, stone-clay and grinding Mills, camels, bullocks and sheep and goats. As compared with 1914-15 and the average for the past 20 years the export of articles showed a fall of 8,966 and 10,607 maunds respectively. This decrease was mainly attributable to comparatively smaller export of Ghee, wool, and stone and grinding-mills.

Transit.

69. The export of animals was smaller by 6,662 and 130 head respectively, if compared with similar figures for the year preceding and the average for the past 20 years.

Total of  
Import Export  
and Transit.

70. The transit traffic was greater by 1,185 Mds. than what it was in 1914-15, but, if compared with the average of the past 20 years, it was smaller by 7,750 maunds.

71. The transit of animals also, if compared with 1914-15, showed an increase of 4,084 head.

72. The rise of 36,433 and 3,432 maunds, as compared with the preceding year and the average for the past 20 years, respectively; in the total of import, export and transit was mainly accounted for by greater import of cereals. The total traffic in animals was smaller than the average for the past 20 years by 8,162 head but it exceeded similar figures for 1914-15 by 2,329 which is mainly due to rise in transit.

Approximate  
value of Im-  
port & export

73. The approximate value of the total import and export trade was Rs. 12,96,149/- and Rs. 9,82,908/- respectively. Similar figures for the year preceding were Rs. 16,12,983 and Rs. 13,26,755/- or in other words, if compared with the previous year, the value of the import and export trade was smaller by 3,16,834 and 3,43,848 respectively. The value of imports exceeded that of exports by Rs. 3,13,241.

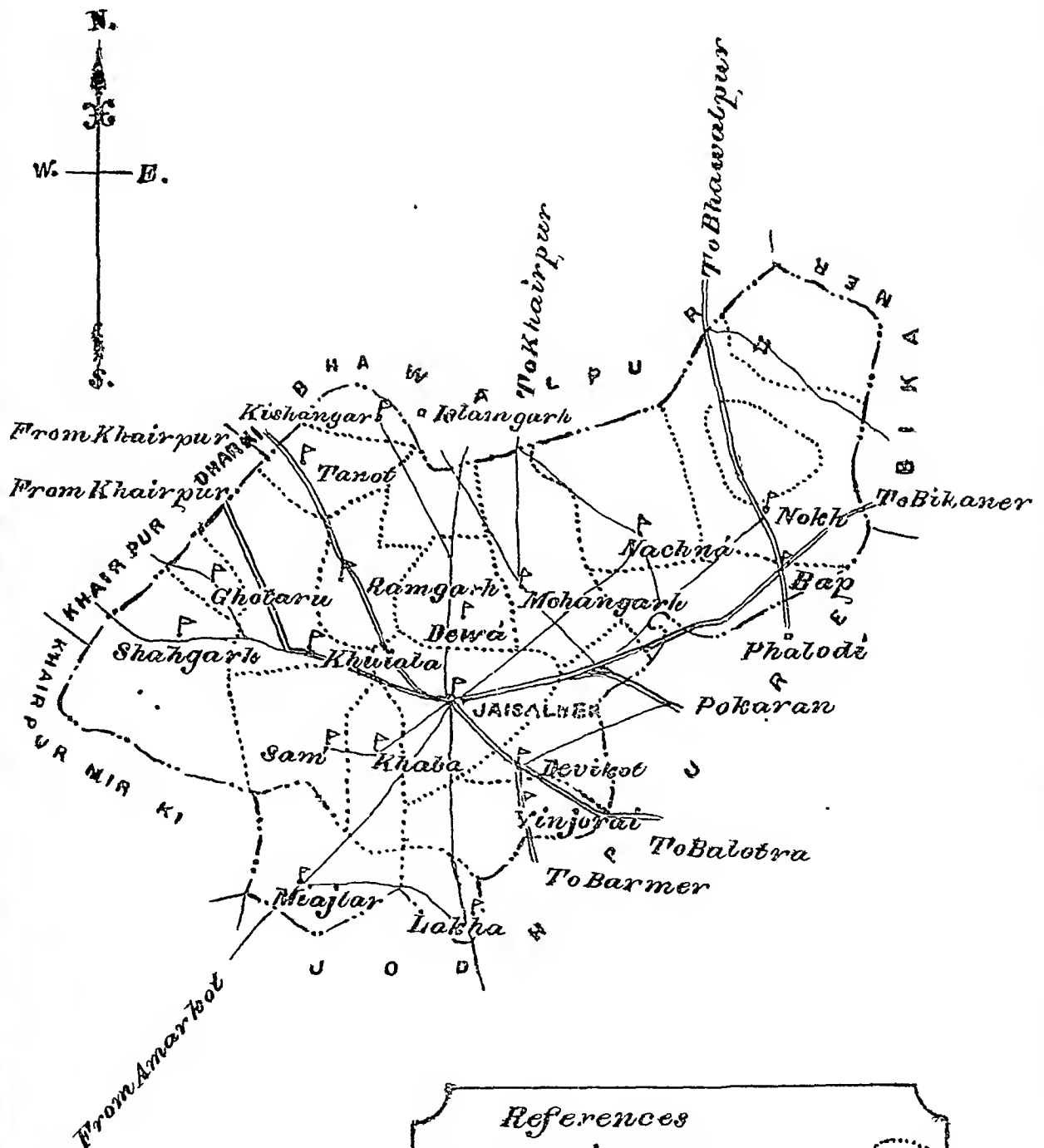
74. With a view to reduce this disparity in the balance of trade, the efforts of the administration are being directed towards the adoption of such measures as may be calculated to result in expansion of the volume of export and of the area under cultivation.

Trade, routes  
and rates of  
tariff.

75. The principal trade routes are shown in the Map below and the rates of tariff are given in the appendix XXVI.

# MAP of JAISALMER

Scale 40 Miles = 1 Inch



## References

Boundaries of Parganas .....

High Ways .....

Country Tracks .....

Drawn by  
Kalian Rai H<sup>c</sup> Draftsman  
P.W.D.

Industrial  
enterprise.

76. There is very little of industrial enterprise in the State. The use of Machinery is unknown. Among the chief manufactures of the State may be noted:—country cloth, woollen blankets, which very much resemble English Home Spuns, camel hair carpets, and rugs and goats hair bags all woven by hand looms. Camel saddles and Mill-stones are also manufactured and exported. The stone work they turn out here is unique in design and beautiful to look at but the prices charged are, owing to lack of competition, very heavy and so very little of it is exported.

State grass  
reserves

77. The State maintains preserves of grass in Nagarkantha, Deva, and Khabha Hakumats. As regards storage of grass by the State, the balance from 1914-15 was, as said in the last report, 16,963 maunds to which 3,329 maunds was added in the year under review. The total quantity was thus raised to 20,292 maunds deducting wherefrom 10,594 maunds the quantity consumed, the balance at the end of the year was 9,698 maunds.

Pasturage  
and condi-  
tion of  
agricultural  
stock.

78. There are extensive grazing grounds in Jaisalmer and in spite of deficient rains, the condition of agricultural stock was better than what it was in adjoining parts. Comparatively better pasturage attracted, in fact, several cattle-owners from outside into Jaisalmer.

Migration.

79. As regards the necessity for periodic migrations and the purposes they serve, a reference is invited to para 59. There was no abnormal immigration or emigration during the year under review.

Public  
Works De-  
partment.

80. The total expenditure under head "Public Works Department" was Rs. 29,513 against 9,366 in the preceding year.

Excise.

81. The contract for the sale of country liquor was given to Local distillers for Rs. 1,020.

Post Office.

82. There is one Government Post Office in the State which is situated at the Capital.

83. The State Dak to the various Hakumats is despatched twice a month and the arrangement answers the requirements of the place well.

Mint.

84. Eight-anna, four-anna and two-anna picces of the aggregate value of Rs. 1,467/- Akheshahi were minted during the year.

## CHAPTER V.

Revenue &  
Finance.

85. The receipts and disbursements of the State are both in Akheshahi and in Kaldar. The average rate of exchange between the two currencies was, for the year under review, Rs. 139-0-6 Akheshahi = Rs. 100 Kaldar and the financial Statement, Appendix XXII, has been worked out according to this rate

Ordinary  
receipts.

86. The ordinary receipts for the year were Rs. 1,74,848/- against Rs. 2,56,903/- in 1914-15. The principal items to which this decrease in the ordinary income of the State was attributable, were land revenue and customs which, if compared with similar figures for the preceding year, showed a fall of Rs. 59,073 and 31,194 respectively. This was due to deficient rains in 1914-15 on which the harvests and the traffic of the year under review depended.

87. The ordinary expenses were Rs. 2,04,786 against Rs. 1,72,903 in the preceding year. This rise was mainly accounted for by an increase of Rs. 17,462 under head Public works, of Rs. 14,346 under stables of Rs. 5,431 under schools and municipals, of Rs. 4,532 under head military which partly includes police. The ordinary expenditure exceeded ordinary receipts by Rs. 29,938/-.

Ordinary Expenses.

88. The Extraordinary income of the State was, as compared with 1914-15, smaller by Rs. 76,976. The fall was mainly under item "Mal" or grazing tax on Jaisalmer cattle which is imposed every five or six years and under "Tilara" or succession presents which had been mostly recovered in the preceding year.

Extraordinary Income.

89. The extraordinary expenses were nearly the same (Rs. 55,993 and 55,285) as in 1914-15. They exceeded, however, extraordinary receipts by Rs. 34,231/-.

Extraordinary expense.

90. The total of ordinary and extraordinary receipts was Rs. 1,96,610 against Rs. 3,55,641 and that of expenditure was Rs. 2,60,779 against Rs. 2,28,188 in 1914-15 or in other words, if compared with the preceding year, the total of receipts was smaller by Rs. 1,59,031 while that of expenditure was larger by Rs. 32,591. The total disbursements exceeded total receipts by Rs. 64,169. The deficit was met with from the balance in hand which was thus reduced from Rs. 2,12,316 to Rs. 1,49,147

Total of ordinary & extraordinary receipts and expenditure.

91. The savings which the State can make in good years, which are few and far between, are often absorbed in years of deficient rains and meagre harvests. It is, therefore, absolutely necessary to maintain, as far as possible, a decent balance in hand which may enable the administration to tide over bad times.

## CHAPTER VI.

92. There is one Hospital and Dispensary in the State. It is situated at the Capital.

Medical.

93. The total number of patients who sought medical relief during the course of the year was 9,600 against 8,270 in the preceding year.

Patients treated.

94. The figures are compared below:—

YEAR 1914-15.			YEAR 1915-16.		
Out-door.	In-door.	Total.	Out-door.	In-door.	Total.
8 246	24	8,270	9,574	26	9,600

95. The total expenditure in connection with the institution including vaccination was Rs. 3,729 against Rs. 4,328 in the previous year.

Expenditure.

96. The number of vaccinations during the year was 1,182 of which 611 operations were performed on males and 571 on females. The total of vaccination in the preceding year was 698.

Vaccination.

Births and  
deaths.

97. The registration of births and deaths in the town is accurate as there is a separate establishment for the purpose and the work is supervised by the Mehkma Khas. In the Districts, however, where the villages are few and far between, it is difficult to attain to the same degree of accuracy.

98. The number of births registered during the year was 1,977 and that of deaths was 1,686 or, in other words, the number of births showed an excess (which represents the gain in population) of 291 over that of deaths.

#### CHAPTER VII.

School.

99. The State maintains two public Schools (one A. V. and the other Primary) both of which are situated at the Capital.

100. At the close of the year the total number on rolls of the two schools was 138 against 118 in the preceding year.

Result of  
Examination

101. Out of 52 students who appeared in the Annual Examination 38 got through and were promoted to higher standard.

Rajput  
boys.

102. There were 4 Rajput boys studying in the Darbar schools of whom 2 were the recipients of schoolarships.

Recruit to  
Mayo  
College.

103. Maharaj Kumar Girdhar Singhji Saheb joined the Mayo College Ajmer in July 1916, and he has made satisfactory progress in his studies.

104. Rawlot Bijaisingh, after finishing his education in the Mayo College, has joined the Veterinary College, Bombay.

#### CHAPTER VIII.

Walter-Krit-  
Rajputra  
Hitkarini-  
Sabha.

105. Out of 94 marriages (85 amongst Rajputs and 9 Charans) there were only 5 cases of the infringement of Sabha rules.

106. The number of funerals was 87. The rules were infringed in only 1 instance.

Destruction  
of poisonous  
animals.

107. Rewards are offered by the Durbar for the destruction of mad dogs, wolves, snakes, Piwnas, a species of snake whose breath is said to be poisonous. A number of these animals and reptiles was destroyed during the year under report.

Resident  
Western  
Rajputana  
States

108. The best thanks of the Darbar are due to Colonel C. J. Windham, C. I. E., I. A., Resident, Western Rajputana States, for his unvarying kindness and courtesy, his valuable suggestions and advice, and for his prompt and hearty support to every measure tending to the welfare of the State and its people.

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

# APPENDICES.





Statement showing the names of the persons mentioned in paras 7 & 8, Chapter I.

			14	15	16	17	18
1	2	3	DEERSINGH,	MAHEKARAN,	BHIMSINGH,	JODHSINGH,	SUJAN-SINGH,
JASWANTSINGH,	DEEPSINGH, (Uwai)	BIJAISINGH					
JAGATSINGH,	BUDHSINGH,	AKHEYSINGH					
MOOLRAJ,	PADAMSINGH, (Tota)	KHUSALSINGH					
RAISINGH,	LALSINGH,	JETSINGH.					
ABHEYSINGH,	JHALAMSINGH.	MAHASINGH					
TEJSINGH,	DEVISINGH,	GAJSINGH					
BHIMSINGH,	MANSINGH. (Eta)	UMEDSINGH					
			7	8	9	10	
			Uwai.	Ola.	Kanod.	Pithal.	

# Appendix V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in Jaisalmer State during the year 1915-16.

STATE.	NUMBER OF OFFENDERS.		NUMBER OF ACCUSED ARRESTED.		NUMBER OF ACCUSED SENT FOR TRIAL.		NUMBER OF ACCUSED CONVICTED.		NUMBER OF ACCUSED ACQUITTED OR DISCHARGED.		PERCENTAGE OF CONVICTIONS (columns 4 & 5).		PERCENTAGE CONVICTED OF ACCUSED SENT FOR TRIAL.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Jaisalmer ...	117	105	175	140	175	143	80	68	54	34	45.71	45.64	45.71	47.55	

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

# Appendix No. VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Jaisalmer State during the year 1915-16.

STATE.	AMOUNT STOLEN.		AMOUNT RECOVERED.		PERCENTAGE OF RECOVERIES OF PROPERTY STOLEN.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Jaisalmer ...	10,544 14	0 8,096 8 0	5,637 10 0	8,435 10 0	53.46	42.43	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

M. R. SAPAT,  
Dewan, Jaisalmer State

*Statement showing the number of Crimes committed, number of Cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Jaisalmer State, during the year 1915-16.*

18 )



# Appendix No. VIII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported to and dealt with by the various Courts in the Jaisalmer State during the year 1915-16.

NAME OF COURT.	NUMBER OF OFFENCES REPORTED DURING THE YEAR.		NUMBER OF PERSONS DEALT WITH.								PERSONS DISPOSED OF.					Remarks.	
	Past year.	Present year.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought in trial in 1915-16.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
				Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	Past year.	Present year.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
District or Hakumat Courts	360	300	208	89	...	317	...	...	616	614	55	83	187	44	4	241	
Badar Adalat	45	63	105	60	...	46	...	...	166	211	7	64	69	22	1	114	
Mohkum Khas	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	4	5	...	...	1	...	...	4	
Total	405	363	318	149	...	363	...	...	786	830	62	147	257	...	5	359	

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

# Appendix No. IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Jaisalmer State during the year 1915-'16.

TRIBUNALS.	No. of applications.	NUMBER OF PERSONS AND CASES.														Remarks.		
		Applications rejected.		SENTENCE.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.			Pending.	
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
Mehkma Khas	45	...	...	29	22	13	13	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	25	8	
Sadar Adalat	11	...	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	10	6	
Total	*56	...	...	33	25	13	13	...	...	2	2	...	...	2	2	35	14	*This includes 5 from the past year.

\*This includes 5 from the past year.

M. R. SAPAT,  
Dewan, Jaisalmer State.



*CIVIL WORK.*—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in the Jaisalmer State, during the year 1915—16.

*Dewan, Jaisalmer State.*

# Appendix XI.

Civil Work. — Results of applications for execution of decrees in the Jaisalmer State during the year 1915-16.

Tribunals.	OPENING BALANCE.		Value of opening balance for the present year.	APPLICATION BROUGHT TO THE REGISTER.				TOTAL.				DISPOSED OF.				CLOSING BALANCE.				NATURE OF APPLICATIONS PENDING DISPOSAL AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.				Remarks.
	Past year	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value of present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value of present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value of present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value of present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20					
Sadar Adalat	54	63	21,932	15 7 91	70	4,354	5 0 145	133	26,287	4 7 82	59	4,240	5 6 63	74	22,046	15 1 21	4	49						
District or Hakumat Courts.	279	251	13,670	1 9 71	60	3,772	9 0 350	311	17,442	10 9 99	30	1,787	14 9 251	281	15,654	12 0 36	21	224						
Total	333	314	35,603	1 4 162	130	8,126	14...495	444	43,729	15 4 181	89	6,028	4 3 314	355	37,701	11 1 57	25	273						

M. R. SAPAT,  
Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

# Appendix XII.

*Civil Work:—Number of results of applications in Jaisalmer State during the year 1915—16.*

TRIBUNALS.	HOW DISPOSED OF.												AVERAGE DURATION (MONTHS AND DAYS.)											
	OPENING BALANCE.		FILED DURING.		TOTAL.		DISPOSED OF DURING.		CLOSING BALANCE.		VALUE OF APPEALS FILED DURING.				DECISIONS RE-VERSED.		DECISIONS AMENDED.		CASES REMANDED FOR RETRIAL.		CASES RE-CONSIDERED & OTHERWISE DISPOSED OF.			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
...	15	14	43	50	58	64	44	41	14	23	6,646	3 0	5538	7 9	18	7 9	13	9	7	4	2	1	3-15	4.5
Mehkma Khas ...	9	10	22	16	31	26	21	11	10	15	2133	7 0	1329	14 0	6	6	8	4	1	0	0	0	9-0	7-29
Sadar Adalat ...	24	24	65	66	89	90	65	52	24	38	8,079	10-0	6,888	5 9	21	13	21	13	8	4	2	1	...	...
Total ...																								

M. R. SAPAT,

*Dewan, Jaisalmer State.*

## Appendix XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the Jail, Jaisalmer State during the year 1915-16.

Stations.	Number of prisons.	NUMBER OF PRISONERS.						DAILY AVERAGE.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
				Past year.	Present year.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
Jaisalmer ...	1	20	17	59	37	14.91	17.66	18	1 28 0 0	18.67			

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

# Appendix XIV.

## Registration of documents in the Jaisalmer State, during the year 1915-16.

NAME OF STATE.	DOCUMENTS PRESENTED FOR REGISTRATION.		NATURE OF DOCUMENTS PRESENTED.												DOCUMENTS REGISTERED.		VALUE OF DOCUMENTS REGISTERED.		DOCUMENTS OF WHICH REGISTRY HAS BEEN REFUSED.		DOCUMENTS REMAINING UNREGISTERED PENDING ENQUIRY AT THE CLOSE OF THE YEAR.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Mortgages.	Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.		
				Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.											Past year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
Jaisalmer	3	4	...	...	1	3	1	...	...	...	1	1	3	4	110/0	385/4	...	...	...	...			

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

## Appendix XV.

*Statement showing the receipt and expenditure on account of Registration in the Jaisalmer State during the year 1915-16.*

Description	PAST YEAR						PRESENT YEAR.						Remarks.
	No of deeds	Value of property.		Fees realised.			No of deeds	Value of property.		Fees realised.			
Mortgage ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Sale deeds ...	1	110	0 0	23	10 0		3	385	4 0	79	7 6		
Wills ...	1	...	...	1	4 0		...	...	...	...	...		
Money bonds ...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		
Miscellaneous ...	1	...	...	10	0 0		1	...	...	1	4 0		
Total ...	3	110	0 0	34	14 0		4	385	4 0	80	11 6		
Deduct expenditure ...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	21	10 9		
Net profit ...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	59	0 9		

M. R. SAPAT,  
*Dewan, Jaisalmer State.*

## Appendix XVII.

*Statement of Rainfall in the Jaisalmer State.*

State Rainguage Stations.	November 1915	December 1915.	January 1916.	February 1916.	March 1916.	April 1916.	May 1916.	June 1916.	July 1916.	August 1916	September 1916	October 1916	Total.	Total of preceding year	Average of past 5 years	Remarks.
Jaisalmer ...	...	...	0.55	...	...	0.50	0.15	0.58	4.51	3.31	2.89	0.51	12.55	4.36	6.26	
Devikot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.75	1.93	8.52	6.65	3.15	21.00	0.75	4.97	
Khabha ...	...	...	0.20	...	...	...	1.45	...	2.64	5.14	2.50	...	11.93	2.15	5.19	
Ramgarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.00	...	3.25	0.30	...	4.55	3.20	6.62	
Dewa ...	...	...	0.25	...	...	...	0.30	...	0.83	5.80	1.88	0.12	9.18	4.96	4.53	
Bap ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.00	0.41	1.90	3.02	1.85	1.51	9.69	3.03	5.81	
Fatehgarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.10	...	1.50	6.59	2.00	2.80	13.99	2.27	0	
Lakha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.25	...	1.00	5.68	1.50	2.25	10.68	4.19		
Myajlar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.00	6.10	1.30	0.60	9.00	2.10		
Shabgarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.40	0.40	...	2.80	3.63		
Khuiala ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.58	...	0.26	5.49	0.61	...	6.94	4.15		
Tanot ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.50	0.50	0.75	6.64	...	...	8.39	...		
Kishangarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.15	2.47	...	...	2.62	...		
Buli ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0.25	...	...	1.00	...	0.80	2.05	2.70		
Mohangarh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.25	7.53	2.61	...	11.39	1.35		
Nokh ...	...	...	0.31	...	...	...	...	...	1.50	5.75	3.35	0.35	11.26	2.05		
TOTAL ...	...	...	1.31	...	...	0.55	5.58	3.24	19.22	78.69	27.84	12.9	148.2	40.89		
Average for the State ...	...	...	0.08	...	...	...	0.35	0.20	1.20	4.92	1.74	0.76	9.25	2.56		

<sup>0</sup> The average of past 5 years for the last 10 stations cannot be given as the raingauges there have been maintained only from June, 1911.

M. R. SAPAT,  
*Dewan, Jaisalmer State.*

## Appendix XVIII.

*Statement of prices of staple food grains (quantities per British rupee in Seers of 80 Tolas).*

Article.	During October past year		During October present year		During June 1916.		Remarks.
	Seers.	Chhataks	Seers	Chhataks	Seers.	Chhataks	
Wheat... ..	7	9½	7	14	7	9	
Barley... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Rice Best sort ... ..	4	8½	4	4½	4	1	
Rice Common ... ..	6	2½	5	5½	5	6	
Jawar ... ..	8	13	12	5	9	11½	
Bajra ... ..	7	9½	10	11	7	9	
Maura ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kangni ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Gram ... ..	8	6½	8	8	7	5	
Maize ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Arhar Tur ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Fire wood ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Salt ... ..	22	...	22	...	22	...	First quality.
	24	...	24	...	24	...	Second quality.

M. R. SAPAT,  
Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

## Appendix XIX.

*Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1915-16*

Description of Works.	STATE FUNDS.			LOCAL FUNDS.			Grand Total.	Remarks.
	Original.	Repairs	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
		Rs a. p	Rs. a. p.				Rs a. p	
Constructions of and repairs to Buildings & Kharins ...	4,940	17,014 0 0	21,954 0 0	...	...	...	21,954 0 0	
Establishment, materials &c. ...	...	...	3,166 0 0	...	...	...	3,166 0 0	
The Colvin School and Windham Library ...	4,393	...	4,393 0 0	...	...	...	4,393 0 0	
Total ...	9,333	17,014 0 0	29,513 0 0	...	...	...	29,513 0 0	

M. R. SAPAT,  
Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

## Appendix XX.

*Agricultural stock in the Jaisalmer State during the year 1915-16.*

DISTRICT.	year.	HORSES AND CATTLE.									PLOUGH		CARTS.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks	With four bullocks	Riding	Load carrying.
				Male.	Female.									
Jaisalmer Pergana	1915-16	475	3,200	40	55	25	30	15	550	3,500	240	...	...	25
Devikot	...	540	5,000	75	120	18	25	12	150	20,000	270	...	...	100
Fatehgarh	...	1,400	4,400	80	180	17	16	8	350	21,500	675	...	...	70
Lakha	...	500	3,500	25	60	18	35	8	180	7,000	200	...	...	40
Myajlar	...	400	2,000	10	10	5	8	5	350	4,000	100	...	...	2
Famkhabha	...	1,500	7,000	35	30	39	50	19	800	15,300	500	...	...	60
Shakgarh Ghotru.	...	300	1,300	3	15	1	...	...	500	18,000	12	...	...	...
Kbara Khuiala	...	1,000	4,000	15	25	6	15	5	800	16,000	200	...	...	4
Ramgarh	...	700	1,500	...	...	7	4	2	300	20,000	300	...	...	20
Tanot	...	100	450	...	...	...	2	...	10	2,500	30	...	...	...
Kishengarh	...	200	700	...	...	...	...	...	50	2,100	...	...	...	...
Barawa Builti	...	300	900	...	...	2	2	...	250	9,900	125	...	...	...
Dewa	...	800	1,500	30	55	5	45	15	60	15,000	350	...	...	80
Mohangarh Nachna	...	1,250	4,000	20	25	15	20	5	325	22,000	450	...	...	20
Nokh	...	2,700	6,500	20	35	15	20	5	325	62,000	1,300	...	...	330
Bap	...	5,000	7,000	40	200	20	30	10	250	30,000	2,200	...	...	450
Total	...	17,165	52,950	393	810	193	302	109	5,250	2,68,800	6,952	...	...	1,201

M. R. SAPAT,

*Dewan, Jaisalmer State.*

## Appendix XXI.

*Statement showing the Excise shops and excise revenue of the State during the year 1915-16.*

Name of State.		COUNTRY SPIRIT		°OPIUM.		GANJA		TODDY.		TOTAL.		REMARKS.
		No of shops.	Revenue	No. of shops	Revenue.	No of shops	Revenue.	No. of shops	Revenue	No. of shops.	Revenue.	
Jaisalmer	..	2	1,020	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	1,020	

°NOTE.—The tax on all the opium imported into the State is received through the Resident's office; the income in 1915-16 was rupees 25,129/-/6 against rupees 24,410/3/6 in the preceding year.

M. R. SAPAT,

*Dewan Jaisalmer State.*



## Comparative statement showing income and expenditure

## INCOME.

No.	ITEMS.	BUDGET ESTIMATES.		ACTUALS.		REMARKS.
		1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	
	Opening Balance { A.	3,311	40,404	3,311	40,404	Total value in Kaldar at Rs. 139 0-6 Akhey shahi = Rs. 100/- Kaldar the average rate of exchange for the year under report
	{ K.	83,482	1,84,255	83,482	1,84,255	
	{ V.	85,863	2,13,316	85,863	2,13,316	
	Income Ordinary.					
1	Customs .. ...	1,45,004	1,20,132	1,51,673	1,20,479	
2	Land Revenue	51,578	3,000	62,754	3,681	
3	Court ... ..	11,900	11,000	12,100	12,119	
4	Salana Lags (house tax etc.) ... ..	9,975	9,554	10,951	10,897	
5	Grazing tax on foreign cattle	7,000	1,200	4,804	1,936	
6	Salt ... ..	7,000	7,500	6,359	7,997	
7	Miscellaneous ...	5,843	7,261	8,262	17,739	
	Total. ...	2,38,300	1,59,647	2,56,903	1,74,848	

of the Jaisalmer State, during the year 1915-16.

## EXPENDITURE.

No.	ITEMS.	BUDGET ESTIMATES.		ACTUALS.		REMARKS.
		1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	
	<b>Expenditure Ordinary.</b>					
1	H. H. the Maharawal ...	36,021	35,596	36,402	34,321	
2	Zenana Sardars ...	16,800	15,000	15,980	13,861	
3	Rajvis & Sardars ...	5,520	4,500	4,768	4,418	
4	Judicial & Executive establishment at the Capital.	20,000	19,450	19,736	19,087	
5	Vakils etc. ...	1,500	1,600	1,539	1,721	
6	Military ...	10,000	12,000	9,582	14,114	
7	Hakumats (Thanedars & contingencies.)	18,019	19,719	18,192	19,689	
8	Hazuri & Dodhidars ...	7,875	7,844	7,862	7,447	
9	Salt manufacture ...	1,208	1,426	901	1,508	
10	Schools & Municipals ...	1,813	4,837	1,680	7,111	
11	Public Works ...	8,491	23,754	7,658	25,120	
12	Hospital ...	3,939	4,323	4,327	3,729	
13	Jail ...	1,852	1,819	1,793	1,915	
14	Stables ...	22,299	18,264	21,734	36,080	
15	Temples, Charities etc. ...	7,896	8,411	8,000	8,436	
16	Miscellaneous ...	10,267	6,189	12,749	6,229	
	Total ...	1,73,500	1,84,732	1,72,903	2,04,786	

## Comparative statement showing Income and Expenditure

## INCOME.

No.	I T E M S.	BUDGET ESTIMATES.		ACTUALS.		REMARKS.
		1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	
	Income Extraordinary.					
1	Deposit ...	3,275	3,144	3,844	3,350	
2	Recovery of advances ...	3,004	1,031	4,215	1,235	
3	Recovery of outstandings	1,500	1,000	1,849	1,498	
4	"Mal" on grazing tax on Jaisalmer cattle ...	40,000	1,000	41,909	1,519	
5	"Netra" or marriage pre- sent ...	50	"	50	5	
6	"Tilara" or succession present ...	15,000	500	12,389	683	
7	Purchase of Akheyshahi Rs. by sale of British Rs. ...	24,707	10,070	34,482	13,472	
	Total ...	87,536	16,745	98,738	21,762	

**DIX XXII.***of the Jaisalmer State, during the year 1915-16.***EXPENDITURE.**

No.	ITEMS.	BUDGET ESTIMATES.		ACTUALS.		REMARKS.
		1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	
	<b>Expenses Extraordinary.</b>					
1	Refund of deposits ...	4,288	2,360	4,441	2,345	
2	Advances ...	1,931	1,359	455	1,165	
3	Expenses of H. H.'s tour	10,000	10,000	9,858	9,833	
4	Expenses in connection with H. H. Maji Shri Deoriji Sahiba's journey.	...	...	1,361	...	
5	Expenses in connection with H. H. Maji Shri Jhaliji Saheba's journey	...	2,072	...	2,041	
6	Maharaj Kanwar Shri Gir-dhar Singhji Saheb's "Katar" ceremony ...	...	1,379	...	1,395	
7	Expenses in connection with the construction of the "Colvin school" & "Windham" Library ...	7,193	7,193	1,708	4,392	
8	Contribution towards war	...	...	538	17,899	
9	Expenses in connection with the funeral ceremony of H. H. Maharawal Shri Saliwahanji ...	1,438	...	1,327	...	
10	Expenses in connection with the installation of H. H. Maharawal Shri Jawahir Singhji ...	504	...	547	...	
11	Boundary ...	...	1,000	...	256	
12	College expenses of Maharaj Kanwar Shri Gir-dhar Singhji ..	...	1,636	...	2,772	
13	Sale of British Rs. for the purchase of Akhe-shahi rupees ...	25,000	10,000	35,050	13,895	
	Total ...	50,354	36,999	55,285	55,993	

*Comparative statement showing Income and Expenditure.*

INCOME.						
No.	ITEMS.	BUDGET ESTIMATES		ACTUALS.		REMARKS.
		1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	
	Total of ordinary and extraordinary income. }	3,25,836	1,76,392	3,55,641	1,96,610	

**DIX XXII.***of the Jaisalmer State, during the year 1915-16.***EXPENDITURE.**

No.	I T E M S.	BUDGET ESTIMATE.		ACTUALS.		REMARKS.
		1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	
	Total of ordinary and Extraordinary expenses ...	2,23,854	2,21,731	2,28,188	2,60,779	
	Closing Balance ...					
	{ A.	17,486	2,379	40,404	9,433	
	{ K.	1,75,268	1,66,266	1,84,255	1,42,362	
	{ V.	1,87,845	1,67,977	2,13,316	1,49,147	
	GRAND TOTAL INCLUDING CLOSING BALANCE. {					
	{ A.	72,361	59,829	91,196	69,898	
	{ K.	3,59,652	3,46,675	3,75,910	3,59,651	
	{ V.	4,11,699	3,89,708	4,41,504	4,09,926	

M. R. SAPAT,

*Dewan, Jaisalmer State.*

## Appendix XXIII.

*Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Jaisalmer State, during the year 1915-16.*

Dispensary.	NUMBER OF PATIENTS TREATED.		RESULT OF IN-DOOR PATIENTS.				Expenditure.	Daily average	Remarks.
	Out-door.	In-door.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.			
Jaisalmer	9,574	26	21	...	2	1	3,729 0 0	84.43	

M. R. SAPAT,

*Dewan, Jaisalmer State.*

## Appendix XXIV.

*Vital Statistics of the State for the year 1915-16.*

NAME.	(Census Population 1911.)	BIRTHS.		Increase.	Decrease.	DEATHS		Increase.	Decrease.	RATIO PER THOUSAND OF POPULATION.				Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			BIRTHS.		DEATHS		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Jaisalmer.	88,311	2,044	1,977	67	1,258	1,686	428	2,315	2,239	1,424	1,909			

M. R. SAPAT,

*Dewan, Jaisalmer State.*

## Appendix B B V.

*Particulars as to the schools maintained by the Jaisalmer State for the year 1915-16.*

Number of Students	No. of Teachers	Description of Schools	Total number of Students		Total number of Teachers		Expenditure		Remarks
			Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	English Medium	Primary School	
1	1	English Medium School at Gopichal	68	00	23	21	1,138	...	* This includes expenses of Bajrang Bajrang Singh
1	1	Hindi Primary School at Gopichal	60	78	33	44	...	277	
Total			128	78	56	65	1,138	377	

M. R. SAPAT,

Deputy, Jaisalmer State.



The Jaisalmer State Customs Tariff.

No.	Articles.	How levied.	IMPORT DUTY.						EXPORT DUTY.						Transit.	Remarks.	
			Levied on Jaisalmer made articles when imported from the districts into the town and the duty charged on Ghee, Oil, wheat, and cotton when imported from one Pargana to another.			Levied on articles imported from places outside the State.			Levied on articles made in the State on which import duty has been paid at Jaisalmer or any of the Parganas.			Levied on articles directly exported from the territory.					
1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8	9	
	Group I. Articles on which duty is levied in respect to number.		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Horses ... ..	Per head.	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0
	Camels ... ..	do	1	8	0	1	8	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
	Bullocks ... ..	do	0	8	0	0	8	0	...	...	...	0	8	0	0	4	0
	Buffaloes ... ..	do.	0	8	0	0	8	0	...	...	...	0	8	0	0	4	0
	Sheep and goats ... ..	do.	0	3	0	0	3	0	...	...	...	0	3	0	0	1	0
	Donkeys ... ..	do.	0	3	0	0	3	0	...	...	...	0	3	0	0	2	0
	Elephants ... ..	do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Mills grinding ... ..	Per one mill	0	1	0	0	1	6	...	...	...	0	1	0	0	1	0
	Lime and Multani ... ..	Per one bag.	0	1	0	0	1	0	...	...	...	0	1	0	...	...	...
3	Ivory churi or bangles (complete set)	Per pair.	...	...	...	2	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Stones (per carriage load) ...	Per carriage	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	0	0	...	...	...
	" (per camel load) ...	Per camel.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	0	...	...	...
	Group II. Articles on which duty is levied in respect to price.																
5	Kinar Gota or embroidered lace ...	Per worth Rs. 100	...	...	...	6	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	0	0
	Embroidered dupatta or cloth and turbans... ..	do.	...	...	...	6	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0	0
	Woollen and silk cloth (foreign) ...	do.	...	...	...	8	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0	0
6	Books and papers (blank) ...	do.	...	...	...	8	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	8	0
7	Musk & saffron including ambergris	do.	...	...	...	6	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	2	0
8	Hing or asafoetida ... ..	do.	...	...	...	6	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	0
9	Manibari or glassware &c. ...	do.	...	...	...	10	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	0
10	Silver and gold leaves ...	do.	...	...	...	6	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0	0
	Timbers ... ..	Per worth Re 1	0	2	0	0	2	0	...	...	...	0	2	0	0	1	0
11	Camels saddles ... ..	do.	0	1	0	0	2	0	...	...	...	0	1	0	0	1	0
12	Dry and fresh hides ... ..	Per Rs. 100 worth	8	0	0	8	0	0	...	...	...	8	0	0	6	4	0
13	Silver ... ..	do.	...	...	...	8	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Group III. Articles on which duty is levied in regard to weight.																
14	Cocoannt (fruit) ... ..	Per maund.	...	...	...	1	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	4	0
	Cocoanut (kernel) ... ..	do.	...	...	...	1	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	8	0
15	Gurli or molasses ... ..	do.	...	...	...	0	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	3	0
	Sugar (coarse) ... ..	do.	...	...	...	0	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	3	0
	Sugar (refined) ... ..	do.	...	...	...	1	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	4	0
	Misri or Sugarcandy ... ..	do.	...	...	...	1	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	5	0
	Valayati sugar ... ..	do.	...	...	...	3	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	8	0
	isri sugarcandy... ..	do.	...	...	...	3	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	10	0
	European picce-goods... ..	do.	...	...	...	6	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	0

\*Per maund.

APPENDIX NO. XXVI.—Continued.  
The Jaisalmer Customs Tariff.

No.	Articles.	How levied.	IMPORT DUTY						EXPORT DUTY.						Transit.	Remarks	
			Levied on Jaisalmer made articles when imported from the districts into the town and the duty charged on Ghee, Oil, Wheat and cotton when imported from one Pargana to another			Levied on articles imported from places outside the State.			Levied on articles made in the State on which import duty has been paid at Jaisalmer or any of the Parganas.			Levied on articles directly exported from the territory.					
1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8	9	
			Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
	Cloth and thread of country manufacture ...	Per maund	2	0	0	3	0	0	...	...	...	3	0	0	0	8	0
17	Country cloth (dyed) ...	do.	3	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	12	0
17	Woollen cloth (country) ...	do.	3	0	0	3	0	0	...	...	...	3	0	0	0	12	0
	Wool ...	do.	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	8	0
18	Ghee ...	do.	2	0	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	8	0
19	Oil of all kinds ...	do.	1	4	0	1	4	0	...	...	...	1	4	0	0	8	0
	Til or sessamum seed ...	do.	0	5	0	0	5	0	...	...	...	0	5	0	0	3	0
	Khal or oilcakes ...	do.	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	0
20	Rice good quality ...	do.	...	...	...	0	6	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	4	0
	Rice low quality ...	do.	...	...	...	0	3	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	0
	Methi and asalia (Trignella foenugraecum) ...	do.	...	...	...	0	3	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	4	0
	Wheat and gram ...	do.	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	0
	Mung and moth (mung and lentils)...	do.	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	0
	Govar (a kind of low quality grain given to cattle) ...	do.	0	3	0	0	3	0	...	...	...	0	3	0	0	3	0
	Bajra and jawar ...	Per camel load.	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0
21	Dry vegetable, mats &c. ...	Per maund.	0	4	0	0	4	0	...	...	...	0	4	0	0	2	0
	Onions and sweet potatoes	do.	0	2	0	0	2	0	...	...	...	0	2	0	0	1	0
22	Brass, copper, & bell-metal new pots	do.	...	...	...	3	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	12	0
	Do. do do. old pots	do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Iron-pots, bars, sheets, &c. ...	do.	...	...	...	1	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	8	0
	Zinc and lead ...	do.	...	...	...	1	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	6	0
	Tin ...	do.	...	...	...	2	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	0
23	Ivory ...	do.	...	...	...	30	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	0
	Small pieces of ivory left after lathing out churies ...	do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	0	1	4	0	...	...	...
	Chura or ivory dust ...	do.	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	6	0	0	6	0	...	...	...
24	Cotton cleaned ...	do.	1	4	0	1	4	0	...	...	...	1	4	0	0	10	0
	Seed of cotton plant ...	do.	0	2	0	0	2	0	...	...	...	0	2	0	0	1	0
	Uncleaned cotton ...	do.	0	6	0	0	6	0	...	...	...	0	6	0	0	4	0
25	Saji khar (impure carbonate of soda)	do.	...	...	...	0	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	0
	Khar (more impure carbonate of soda)	do.	...	...	...	0	6	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	3	0
26	Fruits dry and fresh ...	do.	...	...	...	1	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	10	0
	Dates (dry and fresh) ...	do.	...	...	...	0	12	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	8	0
27	Kalai makrana or whitewash of makarana stone ...	do.	...	...	...	0	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	0
	Churi bhata or a stone used by women as medicine ...	do.	0	2	0	0	2	0	...	...	...	0	2	0	0	2	0
28	Indigo ...	do.	...	...	...	8	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	0
	Majith and Al (red colour stick and red colour morinda citrifolia) ...	do.	...	...	...	1	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	10	0

Per maund.

APPENDIX NO XXVI.—Continued.  
The Jaisalmer Customs Tariff.

No	Articles.	How levied.	IMPORT DUTY.						EXPORT DUTY.						Transit.	Remarks.		
			Levied on Jaisalmer made articles when imported from the districts into the town and the duty charged on Ghee, Oil, Wheat, and Cotton when imported from one Pargana to another.			Levied on articles imported from places outside the State.			Levied on articles made in the State on which import duty has been paid at Jaisalmer or any of the Parganas.			Levied on articles directly exported from the territory.						
			Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.				
1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8	9		
	All red colour extracted ...	Per maund.	..	..	..	8	0	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	8	0	
	Sakur (a drug used for dyeing) ...	do.	..	..	..	0	12	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	8	0	
29	Haldi or Turmerik, red pepper of capsicum, and zira(cumin seed) ...	do.	..	..	..	1	4	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	10	0	
	Anardana(Pomegranate seed) ...	do.	..	..	..	1	0	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	8	0	
	Dhama (coriander seed) and amchur (parings of mango) ...	do.	..	..	..	0	12	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	8	0	
30	Tobacco of Sind ...	do.	..	..	..	1	8	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	8	0	
	Tobacco of Malwa including Zarda...	do.	..	..	..	3	0	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	12	0	
	Snuff ...	do.	..	..	..	6	0	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	0	0	
31	Intoxicating drugs (ganja, bhang and charas) ...	do.	..	..	..	3	0	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	8	0	
32	Gums of all sorts ...	do.	1	0	0	1	0	0	..	..	..	1	0	0	0	6	0	
	Gugal (a kind of gum, amyris agallocha) ...	do.	0	2	0	..	..	..	0	8	0	0	10	0	0	4	0	
33	Munj or string for coats...	do.	..	..	..	0	8	0	..	..	..	6	4	0	0	8	0	
34	Bamboo baskets, goat hair bags, gun powder string, etc ...	Per 100 Rs worth.	..	..	..	0	8	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	8	0	
35	Kariana of spices have been divided into 7 groups.																	
	Group 1. Tamarind, potatoes, arum colocasia, mango, 'kirsala, or onion seeds, etc.	Per maund	..	..	..	0	8	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	8	0	
	Group 2. Kesula, (flower of jungle tree producing yellow colour), kalmi sora, (salt-petre) kasila (a medicine), kaefal (a medicine),etc	do.	..	..	..	1	0	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	8	0	
	Group 3. Nakchhinkni, (a sneezing medicine ) nauasadar, (armonia), niboo ( lemons), gulabka phul,(rose flower), etc....	do.	..	..	..	1	4	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	10	0	
	Group 4. Soap, honey, Sandal wood (white and red ), chitrak, (a medicine), kala zira (black cumin seed), etc ...	do.	..	..	..	1	4	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	10	0	
	Group 5. Lack, sonageru, (an ochre used in cleaning gold), baseloni, shakakul, (a medicine), sith (rope of flax), bhojpatra (the bark of a tree), etc.	do.	..	..	..	1	8	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	10	0	
	Group 6. Sindur (red lead), dry giner, kasunba (sof flower "carthamus inctorius") kesar-peori (a kind of impure saffron), etc. ...	do.	..	..	..	2	0	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	0	12	0	
	Group 7. Anwala-sar-gandhak, (a kind of sulphur), agar (a perfume), akarkarha, (pellitory), etc ...	do	..	..	..	2	8	0	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	0	0	

\* Per maund.

M. R. SAMPAT,

Deewan, Jaisalmer State.

## **APPENDIX XXVII.**

## APPENDIX

Statement showing the total traffic

No.	NAME OF ARTICLES.	IMPORT.					EXPORT.				
		In current year i. e. 1915-16	In past year i. e. 1914-15.	Average for the past 20 years	VARIATION AS COMPARED WITH.		In current year i. e. 1915-16.	In Past year i. e. 1914-15.	Average for the past 20 years	VARIATION AS COMPARED WITH.	
					1914-15.	Past 20 years.				1914-15.	Past 20 years.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Corn ...	2,19,088	1,71,720	1,97,769	+ 47,368	+ 21,319	71	1,338	6,220	- 1,267	- 6,189
2	Sugar & Gurh ...	9,708	9,773	8,980	- 65	+ 728	...	...	...	...	...
3	Dried fruits ...	1,239	1,812	1,377	- 573	- 138	...	...	...	...	...
4	Ghee ...	12	2	217	+ 10	- 205	1,176	6,197	2,499	- 5,021	- 1,323
5	Wool ...	...	...	...	...	...	15,171	18,127	8,162	- 2,956	+ 7,000
6	Opium ...	129	125	67	+ 4	+ 62	...	...	...	...	...
7	Silver ...	1	10	6	- 9	- 5	...	...	...	...	...
8	Cotton ...	30	688	521	- 658	- 491	...	...	...	...	...
9	Oil ...	1,695	1,610	1,000	+ 85	+ 695	...	...	10	...	10
10	Metal and old brass and copper pots	168	305	246	- 137	- 78	45	16	41	+ 29	+ 4
11	Spices ...	1,738	1,487	1,281	+ 251	+ 457	6	...	1	+ 6	+ 5
12	Tobacco ...	1,076	1,488	1,173	- 412	- 97	...	...	...	...	...
13	Dyes ...	182	159	267	+ 23	- 85	...	...	...	...	...
14	Cloth ...	994	2,143	1,052	- 1,149	- 58	109	125	128	- 16	- 19
15	Ivory ...	9	16	11	- 7	- 2	...	...	1	...	1
16	Bamboo baskets, camel hair & goat hair bags & carpets.	356	455	311	- 99	+ 45	93	76	501	+ 17	- 408
17	Saddles and wood glassware and paper etc.	106	154	114	- 48	- 8	101	38	111	+ 63	- 10
18	Hides ...	130	193	121	- 63	+ 9	1,905	82	4,048	+ 1,823	+ 1,457
19	Bones ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	1,447	- 3	- 1,446
20	Stone clay & grinding Mill.	108	315	124	- 207	- 16	8,499	10,085	17,735	- 1,586	- 9,236
21	Miscellaneous ...	755	855	1,098	- 100	- 343	7	62	447	- 55	- 440
	TOTAL ...	2,37,524	1,93,310	2,15,735	+ 44,214	+ 21,789	27,184	36,150	37,791	- 8,966	- 10,607
22	Horses ...	25	59	33	- 34	- 8	6	12	9	- 6	- 3
23	Camels ...	688	636	761	+ 52	- 73	523	906	823	- 383	- 300
24	Bullocks ...	207	415	3,616	- 208	- 3,409	3,833	4,153	6,637	- 320	- 2,804
25	Buffaloes ...	38	87	96	- 49	- 58	11	44	27	- 33	- 16
26	Sheep ...	3,279	200	242	+ 379	+ 3,037	29,230	37,933	23,502	- 7,803	+ 5,728
27	Goats ...	331	174	722	+ 137	- 391	25,976	24,146	28,717	+ 1,830	- 2,741
28	Asses ...	82	72	110	+ 10	- 28	77	24	71	+ 53	+ 6
29	Cows ...	2,000	100	1,165	+ 1,900	+ 835	...	...	...	...	...
	TOTAL	6,650	1,743	6,745	+ 4,907	- 95	59,656	66,318	59,786	- 6,662	- 130

## XXVII.

in the year 1915-16.

TRANSIT.					TOTAL					Remarks.				
In current year i. e. 1915-16.	In past year i. e. 1914-15.	Average for the past 20 years	VARIATION AS COMPARED WITH.		In current year i. e. 1915-16	In past year i. e. 1914-15.	Average for the past 20 years.	VARIATION AS COMPARED WITH.						
			1914-15.	Past 20 years.				1914-15	Past 20 years.					
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23				
866	413	8,574	+	453	—	7,708	2 20,025	1,73,471	2,12,603	+	46,554	+	7,422	-
...	...	57	...	...	...	57	9,708	9,773	9,037	—	65	+	671	-
2	1	48	+	1	—	46	1,241	1,813	1,425	—	572	—	184	-
...	...	27	+	4	—	23	1,192	6,199	2,743	—	5,007	—	1,551	-
330	44	57	+	286	+	273	15,501	15,171	8,219	—	2,670	+	7,282	-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	129	125	67	+	4	+	62	-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	6	—	9	—	5	-
...	...	2	...	...	...	2	30	683	523	—	658	—	493	-
3	3	6	...	...	...	3	1,698	1,613	1,016	+	83	+	682	-
...	11	9	—	11	—	9	213	332	296	—	119	—	83	-
5	56	122	—	51	—	117	1,749	1,543	1,404	+	206	+	345	-
...	1	78	—	1	—	78	1,076	1,489	1,251	—	413	—	175	-
7	9	99	—	2	—	92	189	168	306	+	21	—	177	-
5	4	9	+	1	—	4	1,118	2,272	1,189	—	1,164	—	81	-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	16	12	—	7	—	3	-
5	99	189	—	94	—	184	454	630	1,001	—	176	—	547	-
14	14	115	...	...	...	101	221	206	340	+	15	—	119	-
5	3	12	+	2	—	7	2,040	278	581	+	1,762	+	1,459	-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	1,447	—	3	—	1,446	-
908	300	349	+	608	+	559	9,515	10,700	18,208	—	1,185	—	8,693	-
1	12	152	—	11	—	151	763	929	1,697	—	166	—	934	-
2,155	970	9,905	+	1,185	—	7,750	2,66,863	2,30,450	2,65,431	+	36,433	—	3,432	-
5	3	2	+	2	+	3	36	74	44	—	38	—	8	-
162	104	184	+	58	—	22	1,373	1,646	1,768	—	273	—	395	-
238	224	6,023	+	14	—	5,785	4,278	4,792	16,276	—	514	—	11,998	-
...	2	11	—	2	—	11	49	133	134	—	84	—	85	-
3,626	1,556	2,751	+	2,070	+	875	36,135	38,789	26,495	—	2,654	+	9,640	-
3,914	1,988	6,833	+	1,926	—	2,919	30,221	26,308	36,272	+	3,913	—	6,051	-
42	26	120	+	16	—	78	201	122	301	+	79	—	100	-
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	100	1,165	+	1,900	+	835	-
7,987	3,903	15,924	+	4,084	—	7,937	71,293	71,964	82,455	+	2,329	—	8,162	-

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

# Appendix XXVIII.

Statement showing the value of Import and Export and Customs dues realised in the year 1915-16.

No.	Name of Articles	IMPORT.				EXPORT.				REMARKS.		
		Quantity or number for.		Amount for	Customs dues realised during		Quantity or number for		Amount for		Customs dues realised during.	
		1915-16	1914-15.		1915-16.	1914-15.	1915-16.	1914-15			1915-16.	1914-15.
1	Corn	2,19,088	1,71,720	7,24,188	8,18,149	5,854	1,338	268	7,197	14	279	
2	Sugar and Gurh	9,708	9,773	96,577	1,44,498	9,767	...	...	...	...	...	
3	Dried fruits	1,239	1,812	19,600	33,284	1,149	...	...	...	...	...	
4	Ghee	12	2	528	96	23	...	...	...	...	...	
5	Wool	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	Opium	129	125	83,850	81,250	25,129	...	...	...	...	...	
7	Silver	30	10	3,200	48,000	337	...	...	...	...	...	
8	Cotton	688	688	750	17,200	39	...	...	...	...	...	
9	Oil	1,695	1,610	27,120	32,200	6,115	...	...	...	...	...	
10	Metal & old brass & Copper pots	168	305	3,836	7,250	2,009	...	...	...	...	...	
11	Spices	1,738	1,487	32,324	34,285	429	...	...	...	...	...	
12	Tobacco	1,076	1,488	23,068	43,140	1,982	...	...	...	...	...	
13	Dyes	182	159	4,052	4,989	1,741	...	...	...	...	...	
14	Cloth	994	2,143	97,200	1,97,310	223	...	...	...	...	...	
15	Ivory	9	16	16,800	26,680	5,081	...	...	...	...	...	
16	Bamboo baskets camel hair and goat hair bags and carpets	356	455	3,558	4,948	464	...	...	...	...	...	
17	Saddles and wood	106	154	10,761	15,164	180	...	...	...	...	...	
18	Hides	130	193	5,200	7,720	948	...	...	...	...	...	
19	Bones	...	...	...	...	415	...	...	...	...	...	
20	Stone clay and grinding Mills	108	315	116	248	...	...	...	...	...	...	
21	Miscellaneous	755	855	7,550	7,695	228	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	2,37,524	1,93,310	11,62,275	15,24,106	56,416	...	...	...	...	...	
	Horses	25	59	1,000	2,360	66,665	...	...	...	...	...	
	Camels	688	636	68,800	63,600	118	...	...	...	...	...	
	Buffaloes	207	415	7,245	14,525	931	...	...	...	...	...	
	Sheep	38	87	1,900	4,350	976	...	...	...	...	...	
	Goats	3,279	200	13,116	860	102	...	...	...	...	...	
	Asses	331	174	943	522	19	...	...	...	...	...	
	Cows	82	72	82	720	610	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total	6,650	1,743	1,33,874	88,877	15	...	...	...	...	...	
	GRAND TOTAL	...	...	12,96,149	16,12,983	1,832	...	...	...	...	...	

## Appendix XXIX.

Statement showing the details of receipts under head Customs.

DISTRICTS.	Approximate area in square miles	Population accor- ding to Censuses 1911.	RAINFALL.		CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.					
			Last year.	Year before last.	In current year i. e. 1915-16.	In past year i. e. 1914-15	Average for the past 10 years.	Variation as com- pared with.		
								1914-15.	Average for the past 10 years.	
Jaisalmer Khas	100	7,420	4.56	9.99	46,600	58,605	45,623	-12,005	+977	
Nagarkantha	1,100	5,800	...	...	2,135	3,356	2,419	-1,221	-284	
Devikot	800	8,297	0.75	6.70	3,073	4,203	4,410	-1,130	-1,337	
Fatehgarh	700	6,263	2.27	4.28	5,697	7,055	6,053	-1,358	-356	
Lakhan	262	4,224	4.19	7.13	3,402	3,236	2,825	+166	+577	
Mynjar	800	2,544	2.10	2.10	3,076	2,600	2,084	+476	+992	
Samkhabha	1,700	5,270	2.15	10.22	5,791	8,265	4,826	-2,474	+965	
Shahgarh Gotru	1,600	3,547	3.63	6.90	3,403	3,893	3,026	-490	+377	
Khara Khuala	1,000	3,068	4.15	9.19	6,588	10,109	4,645	-3,521	+1,943	
Ramgarh	400	2,344	3.20	9.75	3,805	2,792	3,275	+1,013	+530	
Tanot	300	456	...	6.23	2,588	2,161	2,225	+427	+363	
Kishengarh	400	875	...	0.78	2,597	2,506	2,541	+91	+56	
Barawa Buili	700	1,156	2.70	5.25	1,784	2,158	1,625	-374	+159	
Dewa	1,200	3,097	4.96	7.44	3,024	4,712	3,186	-1,688	-162	
Mohangarh Nachna	2,200	6,387	1.35	6.00	5,383	6,730	4,844	-1,347	+539	
Nokh	2,100	17,062	2.05	3.25	10,965	15,419	11,838	-4,454	-873	
Bap	700	10,501	3.03	10.73	10,568	13,877	11,183	-3,309	-615	
Total	16,062	88,311	...	...	1,20,479	1,51,677	1,16,628	-31,198	+3,851	



## Appendix XXIX B.

Statement showing the details of receipts under head Customs during the past ten years.

No.	D I S T R I C T.	R E C E I P T S U N D E R H E A D C U S T O M S D U R I N G.										Average.	R E M A R K S.
		1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Total.	
1	Jaisalmer-Khas ...	26,022	40,589	43,267	49,084	53,394	47,654	36,520	49,556	51,037	58,605	4,56,227	45,623
2	Nagarkantha ...	1,289	2,223	1,843	1,671	3,166	2,517	2,086	2,845	3,195	3,356	24,191	2,419
3	Devikot ...	2,289	3,085	2,399	5,511	6,375	6,638	3,826	5,100	4,177	4,203	44,103	4,410
4	Fatehgarh ...	2,715	6,253	4,091	4,958	8,640	6,397	4,596	8,748	7,077	7,055	60,530	6,053
5	Lakha ...	863	2,804	2,928	2,445	4,261	3,402	2,031	3,464	2,812	3,236	28,216	2,825
6	Mynjar ...	1,181	2,201	1,935	1,804	2,280	2,436	1,550	2,460	2,395	2,600	20,842	2,084
7	Samkhaba ...	2,003	3,698	4,252	4,524	6,622	4,386	2,842	5,639	6,024	8,265	48,255	4,826
8	Shahgarh Gotru ...	1,379	3,103	2,563	3,197	3,015	3,275	2,840	3,403	3,599	3,893	30,257	3,026
9	Khara Khuiala ...	2,372	5,616	4,667	4,900	4,138	3,365	3,943	4,218	3,720	10,109	46,418	4,645
10	Rangarh ...	2,473	2,575	2,312	3,260	4,116	3,237	2,570	4,942	4,476	2,792	32,753	3,275
11	Tanot ...	1,911	2,621	3,134	2,105	2,076	1,896	2,379	1,910	2,061	2,161	22,254	2,225
12	Kishengarh ...	1,676	2,005	2,531	1,879	2,262	2,216	5,035	2,431	2,870	2,506	25,411	2,541
13	Barawa Buili ...	1,427	1,335	1,377	1,292	1,665	1,354	1,852	2,155	1,638	2,158	16,253	1,625
14	Dewa ...	2,857	3,507	3,080	2,710	4,353	2,106	2,582	2,858	3,093	4,712	31,858	3,186
15	Mohangarh Nachna ...	3,978	3,907	3,944	5,745	5,506	4,554	5,250	5,220	3,608	6,730	48,442	4,844
16	Nokh ...	5,456	10,058	9,246	13,571	13,546	12,534	11,601	16,693	10,258	15,419	1,18,382	11,838
17	Bap ...	4,133	8,269	8,963	13,375	19,900	18,200	11,080	8,506	5,529	13,877	1,11,831	11,183
	Total ...	64,024	1,03,249	1,02,522	1,22,031	1,46,315	1,26,167	1,02,583	1,30,146	1,17,569	1,51,677	11,66,283	1,16,628

M R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

## Appendix XXX.

*Statement showing the Details of receipts under head Land Revenue.*

DISTRICT.	Approximate area in square miles	Population according to census 1911.	RAINFALL		LAND REVENUE.					
			Last year.	Year before last.	In current year i.e. 1915-16	In past year i.e. 1914-15.	Average for the past ten years.	Variation as compared with.		
								1914-15.	Past 10 years.	
Jaisalmer Khas ...	100	7,420	4-36	9-99	...	...	...	...	...	
Nagarkantha ...	1,100	5,800	...	...	88	6,935	3,610	-6,847	-3,522	
Devikot ...	800	8,297	0-75	6-70	29	212	253	-183	-224	
Fatehga h ...	700	6,263	2-27	4-28	252	669	1,139	-417	-887	
Lakhan ...	262	4,224	4-19	7-13	241	156	100	+85	+141	
Myajlar ...	800	2,544	2-10	2-10	8	212	214	-204	-206	
Samkhabha ...	1,700	5,270	2-15	10-22	408	15,601	5,267	-15,193	-4,859	
Shahgarh Gotru...	1,600	3,547	3-63	6-90	4	57	20	-53	-16	
Khara Khuiala ...	1,000	3,068	4-15	9-19	574	4,617	1,024	-4,043	-450	
Ramgarh ...	400	2,344	3-20	9-75	160	5,666	2,138	-5,506	-1,978	
Tanot ...	300	456	...	6-23	...	61	10	-61	-10	
Kishengarh ..	400	875	...	0-78	...	50	7	-50	-7	
Barawa Buili ...	700	1,156	2-70	5-25	...	31	11	-31	-11	
Dewa ...	1,200	3,097	4-96	7-44	345	17,161	5,245	-16,816	-4,900	
Mohangarh-Nachna ...	2,200	6,387	1-35	6-00	34	853	365	-819	-331	
Nokh ...	2,100	17,062	2-05	3-25	1,196	2,341	7,360	-9,084	-5,822	
Bap ...	700	10,501	3-03	10-73	342	8,281				
Total ...	16,062	88,311	...	...	3,681	62,903	26,763	-59,222	-23,082	

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

# APPENDIX XXX B.

Statement showing the details of receipts under head Land Revenue during the past 10 years.

No.	District.	RECEIPTS UNDER HEAD LAND REVENUE DURING.										Average.	REMARKS.
		1905-06	1906-07	1907-08.	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Total.	
1	Nagar Kantha	6,124	4,303	2,836	5,649	3,631	950	75	2,596	2,997	6,935	36,096	3,610
2	Davikot	38	94	233	451	426	394	...	398	280	212	2,526	253
3	Fatehgarh	55	251	1,320	2,753	1,254	1,877	21	2,569	622	669	11,391	1,139
4	Lakha	...	83	117	113	106	132	...	144	152	156	1,003	100
5	Myajjar	...	107	187	263	385	368	3	377	243	212	2,145	214
6	Samkhabha	603	4,605	6,698	7,656	6,280	1,440	109	5,419	4,254	15,601	52,665	5,267
7	Shahgarh Gotra	...	...	...	40	70	31	6	...	...	57	204	20
8	Khara Khudala	...	1,815	249	2,386	858	197	28	85	3	4,617	10,238	1,024
9	Ramgarh	598	2,796	2,253	2,404	2,633	1,497	126	1,912	1,496	5,666	21,381	2,138
10	Tanot	...	...	...	36	4	...	...	...	...	61	101	10
11	Kishongarh	...	...	...	18	2	...	...	...	...	50	70	7
12	Barawa Butli	...	...	...	...	32	45	...	...	...	31	108	11
13	Dowa	4,783	6,428	4,104	9,713	4,922	940	37	1,944	2,423	17,161	52,455	5,245
14	Mohangarh Nachna	...	50	151	1,443	644	319	32	127	30	853	3,649	365
15	Nokh	...	8,136	7,909	14,909	12,536	12,557	1,808	2,220	1,650	2,341	73,603	7,360
16	Bap	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	912	8,281	...	...
	Total	12,545	28,668	26,057	47,834	33,783	20,747	2,245	17,791	15,062	62,903	2,67,635	26,763

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

## APPENDIX XXXI.

Statement showing the approximate yield of food grains in maunds.

No.	Name of Pergana.	APPROXIMATE YIELD,					Remarks.
		Present year 1915-16.	Past year 1914-15.	Average for the past ten years.	Variation on compared with.		
					Past year 1914-15.	Average for the past ten years.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Nagarkantha ...	266	21,855	14,658·4	—21,589	—14,392·4	
2	Devikot ...	38	3,842	2,909·2	—3,804	—2,871·2	
3	Fatehgarh ...	182	5,532	6,701·8	—3,550	—6 519·8	
4	Lakha ...	1,563	3,320	1,699·3	—1,757	—136·3	
5	Myajlar ...	...	2,100	1,776·0	—2,100	—1,776·0	
6	Samkhabha ...	661	30,053	16,121·2	—29,392	—15,465·2	
7	Sahagarh ...	...	490	150·0	—490	—150·0	
8	Khuiala ...	929	7,885	2,422·6	—6,956	—1,493·6	
9	Ramgarh ...	48	10,112	5,432·3	—10,064	—5,384·3	
10	Tanot ...	...	270	45·0	—270	—45·0	
11	Kishengarh ...	...	290	38·0	—290	—38·0	
12	Buili ..	...	5,140	1,778·0	—5,140	—1,778·0	
13	Dewa ...	226	35,262	14,259·4	—35,036	—14,033·4	
14	Mohangarh ...	..	3,920	2,155·8	—3,920	—2,155·8	
15	Nokh ...	512	42,973	35,209·1	—42,461	—34,697·1	
16	Bap ...						
Total ...		4,199	1,73,053	1,05,381·1	—1,68,854	—1,01,182·1	

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

# APPENDIX XXXI B.

Statement showing the approximate yield of food grains in maunds during the past 10 years.

Name of District.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Total.	Average for the past 10 years.	Remarks.
Jaisalmer ...	16,010	32,996	2,594	25,711	20,901	5,181	...	11,290	10,046	21,855	1,46,584	14,658	
Devikot ...	273	794	2,594	6,047	6,111	2,693	...	3,419	3,319	3,842	29,092	2,909	
Fatehgarh ...	250	2,118	5,677	19,476	9,487	11,453	...	10,544	2,482	5,532	67,019	6,702	
Lakha ...	160	876	2,422	1,715	2,110	1,910	...	2,120	2,360	3,320	16,993	1,699	
Myajlar ...	...	1,650	1,820	2,090	2,810	2,960	...	2,470	1,860	2,100	17,760	1,776	
Sain Khabha ...	40,730	16,728	13,619	19,769	20,459	4,642	...	9,410	5,851	30,053	1,61,261	16,126	
Shahgarh ...	...	...	...	300	500	210	...	...	...	490	1,500	150	
Khuinala ...	...	6,380	711	5,208	2,936	817	...	290	...	7,885	24,227	2,423	
Ramgarh ...	1,444	11,359	4,272	7,854	9,147	3,692	...	3,706	2,736	10,112	54,522	5,432	
Tanot ...	...	...	...	160	20	...	...	...	...	270	450	45	
Kishongarh...	...	...	...	80	10	...	...	...	...	290	380	38	
Bnili ...	...	...	600	5,000	3,840	1,290	...	500	1,500	5,140	17,780	1,778	
Dewa ...	11,699	28,039	6,888	31,480	17,215	2,726	...	4,316	4,970	35,262	1,42,595	14,260	
Mohangarh ...	...	794	1,048	9,006	3,805	1,828	...	860	289	3,929	21,559	2,156	
Bap Nokh ...	327	45,663	27,654	97,315	87,669	35,375	...	6,870	8,245	42,973	3,52,091	35,209	
Total ...	70,893	1,47,397	69,899	2,31,211	1,87,020	74,637	...	55,795	43,658	1,73,053	10,53,613	1,05,361	

M. R. SAPAT,  
Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

*Statement showing details of receipts under head Courts.*

District.	Approximate area in square miles.	Population according to census (1911).	RAINFALL.		DETAILS OF RECEIPTS UNDER HEAD COURT'S								VARIATION AS COMPARED WITH.		
			Last year.	Year before last	IN CURRENT YEAR.				IN PAST YEAR.				Average of the total for past ten years.	Past year.	Average for the past ten years.
					Civil Cases.	Criminal Cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	Civil Cases.	Criminal Cases.	Miscellaneous.	Total.			
Jaisalmer Khas	100	7,420	4.36	9.99	3,227	3,760	227	7,214	2,442	3,172	315	5,929	5,873	+1,285	+1,341
Nagar Kanthia	1,100	5,800	...	...	157	225	32	414	296	194	94	584	385	-170	+ 29
Devikot ...	800	8,297	0.75	6.70	64	41	53	153	99	24	153	276	230	-118	- 72
Fatehgarh ...	700	6,263	2.27	4.23	84	30	83	197	58	36	124	218	201	- 21	- 4
Lakhan ...	262	4,224	4.19	7.13	28	115	46	189	82	59	13	154	196	+ 35	- 7
Myajiar ...	800	2,544	2.10	2.10	21	60	...	81	38	8	1	47	114	+ 34	- 33
Sam Khabha	1,700	5,270	2.15	10.22	60	45	104	209	100	39	358	497	308	-288	- 99
Shahgarh Gotra	1,600	3,547	3.63	6.90	150	40	111	301	80	27	35	142	225	+159	+ 76
Khara Khuiala	1,000	3,068	4.15	9.19	43	96	148	287	100	340	587	1,023	357	-740	-100
Ramgarh ...	400	2,344	3.20	9.75	69	209	32	310	67	96	80	243	248	+ 67	- 62
Tanot ...	300	456	...	6.03	19	66	89	174	73	172	56	301	144	-127	+ 30
Kishengarh ...	400	875	...	0.73	33	3	81	122	28	50	33	111	130	+ 11	- 8
Barawa Butili	700	1,156	2.70	5.25	5	...	27	32	18	1	13	32	93	...	- 61
Dewa ...	1,200	3,097	4.96	7.44	32	65	578	675	105	242	558	905	667	-230	+ 8
Mohangarh Nachna	2,200	6,387	1.35	6.00	134	123	270	527	198	83	57	338	425	+189	-102
Nokh ...	2,100	17,062	2.05	3.25	140	285	88	513	249	395	73	717	771	-204	-258
Bap ...	700	10,501	3.03	10.73	321	246	149	716	352	125	102	579	907	+137	-191
Total	16,042	88,311	...	...	4,592	5,409	2,118	12,119	4,385	5,063	2,652	12,100	11,304	+ 19	+ 815

# APPENDIX XXXII. B.

Statement showing the details under head Courts during the past 10 years.

No.	District.	RECEIPTS UNDER HEAD COURTS DURING.										Average.	Remarks.
		1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Total.	
1	Jaisalmer Khas	2,585	3,109	4,738	5,799	10,709	8,461	5,928	4,365	7,110	5,929	58,733	5873
2	Nagar Kantha	324	470	406	526	472	264	235	299	271	584	3,851	385
3	Devikot	81	203	165	216	414	183	233	302	221	276	2,294	230
4	Fatehgarh	196	319	149	169	158	156	142	341	163	218	2,011	201
5	Lakha	87	151	167	315	226	143	23	424	273	154	1,963	196
6	Myajjar	71	65	130	309	112	47	71	112	175	47	1,138	114
7	Sam Khabha	319	237	314	449	521	114	58	230	340	497	3,079	308
8	Shahgarh Gotru	197	250	181	270	240	368	231	205	160	142	2,214	225
9	Khara Khuiala	92	401	446	816	446	173	207	119	146	1027	3,873	387
10	Rangarh	117	214	407	303	179	62	139	486	329	243	2,479	248
11	Tanot	135	152	133	246	146	65	119	97	49	301	1,443	144
12	Kishengarb	86	101	365	213	140	74	67	65	79	11	1,301	130
13	Barawa Buili	161	129	136	93	82	68	39	73	120	32	933	93
14	Dewa	541	338	474	1,149	1,157	288	334	770	717	905	6,673	667
15	Mohangarh Nachna	290	295	645	695	496	264	408	564	255	338	4,250	425
16	Nokh	247	647	611	1,132	754	1030	321	937	811	717	7,707	771
17	Bap	388	893	739	783	2245	1,441	1,120	273	604	579	9,065	907
	Total	5,917	7,974	10,206	13,483	18,497	13,201	10,175	9,662	11,822	12,100	1,13,037	11,304

M. R. SAPAT.  
Deewan, Jaisalmer State.

**Appendix No. XXXIII.***Statement showing the quantity of salt sold in maunds.*

DISTRICT.	Approximate area in square miles.	Population according to the census, 1911.	RAINFALL.		QUANTITY OF SALT SOLD IN MAUNDS.				
			Last year.	Year before last.	In current year i. e. 1915-16.	In past year. i. e. 1914-15.	Average for the past 10 years.	Variation as compared with.	
								1914-15.	Past ten years.
Jaisalmer Khas ...	100	4,720	4.36	9.99	754	741	882	+13	—128
Nagar Kantha ...	1,100	5,800	...	...	246	215	219	+31	—27
Devi Kot ...	800	8,297	0.75	6.70	623	506	587	+117	+36
Fatehgarh ...	700	6,263	2.27	4.28	242	172	220	+70	+22
Lakhan ...	262	4,224	4.19	7.13	311	152	360	+159	—49
Myajlar ...	800	2,544	2.10	2.10	180	110	127	+70	+53
Shamkhabha ...	1,700	5,270	2.15	10.22	385	332	261	+53	+124
Shahgarh Gotru ...	1,600	3,547	3.63	6.90	2	18	24	—16	—22
Khara Khuiala ...	1,000	3,068	4.15	9.19	342	251	150	+91	+193
Ramgarh ...	400	2,344	3.20	9.75	283	245	226	+38	+57
Tanot ...	300	456	...	6.23	12	9	8	+3	+4
Kishengarh ...	400	875	...	0.78	39	26	38	+13	+1
Barawa Buili ...	700	1,156	2.70	5.25	41	29	31	+12	+10
Dewa ...	1,200	3,097	4.96	7.44	178	224	242	—46	—64
Mohangarh Nachna.	2,200	6,387	1.35	6.00	246	255	292	—9	—46
Nokh ...	2,100	17,062	2.05	3.25	706	385	559	+321	+147
Bap ...	700	10,501	3.03	10.73	955	653	1,027	+302	—72
Total ...	16,062	88,311	...	...	5,545	4,323	5,253	+1,222	+292



## APPENDIX XXXIII B.

Statement showing the quantity of Salt sold in maunds during past ten years.

No.	District.	SOLD DURING THE PAST TEN YEARS.										Average.	Remarks.
		1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Total.	
1	Jaisalmer Khas	988	1,197	1,053	827	939	882	790	791	611	741	8,819	882
2	Nagarkantha	191	145	160	241	269	268	262	261	181	215	2,193	219
3	Devikot	445	435	479	602	743	794	626	606	631	506	5,867	587
4	Fatehgarh	139	294	137	218	294	318	256	234	137	172	2,199	220
5	Lakha	199	244	313	610	331	303	498	335	614	152	3,599	360
6	Myajlar	84	161	83	147	132	125	175	135	119	110	1,271	127
7	Sam Khabha	190	233	184	282	313	300	233	301	217	332	2,615	261
8	Shahgarh	27	14	19	18	25	30	24	54	12	18	241	24
9	Khuaisla	75	80	97	174	163	167	149	210	132	251	1,498	150
10	Ramgarh	106	279	275	177	254	208	249	343	122	245	2,258	226
11	Tanot	5	7	3	4	16	4	14	14	8	9	84	8
12	Kishengarh	19	45	22	44	20	30	46	59	66	26	377	38
13	Bulli	46	30	42	18	31	14	36	27	36	29	309	31
14	Dewn	189	236	198	269	278	256	313	235	223	224	2,421	242
15	Mohangarh...	360	206	250	395	313	342	302	267	227	255	2,917	292
16	Nokh	651	661	326	627	969	484	419	452	622	385	5,596	559
17	Bap	720	1,063	611	1,810	1,846	833	618	958	1,168	653	10,270	1,027
	Total	4,434	5,330	4,252	6,463	6,936	5,348	5,040	5,282	5,126	4,323	52,534	5,253

**APPENDIX XXXIV.**

*Statement showing details of income under head, Grazing tax on foreign Cattle  
during the past 10 years.*

Serial number.	DISTRICT.	Approximate area in square miles.	Population according to census 1911.	RAINFALL.		INCOME UNDER HEAD GRAZING TAX ON FOREIGN CATTLE				
				1914-15.	1913-1914.	1915-16.	1914-1915.	Average for the past 10 years.	Variation as compared with	
									1914 1915	Average for the past 10 years.
1	Jaisalmer	100	7,420	4.36	9.99	...	...	...	...	...
2	Nagarkantha	1,100	5,800	...	...	30	105	617	-75	-587
3	Devikot	800	8,297	0.75	6.70	...	277	613	-277	-613
4	Fatehgarh	700	6,263	2.27	4.28	...	157	152	-157	-152
5	Lakha	262	4,224	4.19	7.13	...	...	2	...	-2
6	Myajlar	800	2,544	2.10	2.10	6	8	1	-2	+5
7	Samkhabha	1,700	5,270	2.15	10.22	35	139	206	-104	-171
8	Shahgarh	1,600	3,547	3.63	6.50	111	238	120	-127	-9
9	Khuiala	1,000	3,068	4.15	9.19	582	1,954	2,396	-1372	-1,814
10	Ramgarh	400	2,344	3.20	9.75	94	43	219	+51	-125
11	Tanot	300	456	...	6.73	45	182	147	-137	-102
12	Kishengarh	400	875	...	0.78	23	197	259	-174	-236
13	Buili	700	1,156	2.70	2.25	20	51	107	-31	-87
14	Dewa	1,200	3,097	4.96	7.44	250	1,260	1,869	-1,010	-1,619
15	Mohangarh	2,200	6,387	1.35	6.00	378	142	522	+236	-144
16	Nokh	2,100	17,062	2.05	3.25	163	39	686	+124	-523
17	Bap	700	10,501	3.03	10.73	190	12	124	+187	+75
	Total	16,062	88,311	...	...	1,936	4,804	8,040	-2,868	-6104

M. R. SAPAT,

Dewan, Jaisalmer State.

# Appendix XXXIV.—B.

Statement showing details of income under head Grazing tax on Foreign cattle during the past 10 years.

No.	District.	INCOME UNDER HEAD GRAZING TAX ON FOREIGN CATTLE DURING.										Average.	Remarks.
		1905-06.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1909-10.	1910-11.	1911-12.	1912-13.	1913-14.	1914-15.	Total.	
1	Nagarkantha	217	193	970	274	1,544	1,139	...	1,342	389	105	6,173	617
2	Devikot	379	393	452	599	825	1,261	12	1,337	599	277	6,134	613
3	Fatehgarh	9	52	197	71	145	263	57	321	251	157	1,523	152
4	Lakha	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	...	...	23	2
5	Myajlar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	8	1
6	Samkhabha	70	187	353	233	467	247	...	257	62	139	2,055	206
7	Shahgarh Gotru	45	98	119	110	107	118	117	130	63	238	1,205	120
8	Khara Khuiala	924	4,153	2,406	3,973	3,639	3,336	32	3,355	189	1,954	23,961	2,396
9	Ramgarh	211	388	424	162	215	627	...	63	53	43	2,186	213
10	Tanot	55	145	193	275	187	248	20	118	51	182	1,474	147
11	Kishengarh	52	128	342	446	343	567	79	319	115	197	2,588	259
12	Barawa Buili	116	62	282	82	59	101	8	163	142	51	1,066	107
13	Dewa	1,845	2,459	2,387	2,587	2,410	1,229	77	3,238	1,195	1,260	18,687	1,869
14	Mohangarh-Nachna.	789	522	617	1,156	623	579	84	507	204	142	5,223	522
15	Nokh	612	1,176	922	1,082	1,187	860	565	290	122	39	6,855	686
16	Bap	477	280	29	43	81	96	169	57	...	12	1,244	124
	Total	5,801	10,236	9,693	11,093	11,915	10,711	1,220	11,497	3,435	4,804	80,405	8,040

